

**INLET RESOURCES LTD.**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**



## AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of  
Inlet Resources Ltd.

We have audited the balance sheets of Inlet Resources Ltd. as at December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the statements of operations and comprehensive loss, cash flows, and shareholders' equity for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Vancouver, Canada

April 8, 2010

*"Morgan & Company"*

Chartered Accountants

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	DECEMBER 31	
	2009	2008
	(Restated – Note 11)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Cash	\$ 1,565,138	\$ 1,441,693
Amounts receivable	3,052	29,011
Marketable securities (Note 4)	989,200	162,200
Prepaid expenses	15,512	13,257
	2,572,902	1,646,161
<b>Equipment (Note 5)</b>	3,045	5,525
<b>Mineral Property (Note 6)</b>	138,216	138,216
	\$ 2,714,163	\$ 1,789,902
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 27,046	\$ 33,046
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Share Capital (Note 7)	16,021,450	15,668,450
Contributed Surplus	373,450	373,450
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	679,304	(47,151)
Deficit	(14,387,087)	(14,237,893)
	2,687,117	1,756,856
	\$ 2,714,163	\$ 1,789,902

Approved on Behalf of the Board of Directors:

"David Baker"

\_\_\_\_\_  
Director

"Earl Terris"

\_\_\_\_\_  
Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	
	2009	2008
	(Restated – Note 11)	
<b>Expenses</b>		
Amortization	\$ 2,480	\$ 2,480
Consulting and administration fees	68,462	83,850
Management fees	53,000	48,000
Professional fess	44,759	63,586
Rent, telephone, office expenses	52,094	63,871
Shareholders' communication	8,893	17,195
Transfer agent and filing fees	20,051	17,974
<b>Loss Before Other Item And Income Taxes</b>	<b>(249,739)</b>	<b>(296,956)</b>
<b>Other Item</b>		
Interest income	-	15,562
<b>Loss Before Income Taxes</b>	<b>(249,739)</b>	<b>(281,394)</b>
<b>Future Income Tax Recovery (Expense)</b>	<b>100,545</b>	<b>(78,489)</b>
<b>Net Loss For The Year</b>	<b>(149,194)</b>	<b>(359,883)</b>
<b>Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)</b>		
Net unrealized gain (loss) arising on available-for-sale investments during the year	726,455	(547,911)
<b>Comprehensive Income (Loss) For The Year</b>	<b>\$ 577,261</b>	<b>\$ (907,794)</b>
<b>Loss Per Share, Basic and diluted</b>	<b>\$ (0.02)</b>	<b>\$ (0.03)</b>
<b>Weighted Average Number Of Shares Outstanding</b>	<b>15,779,057</b>	<b>13,125,317</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	
	2009	2008
<b>Cash Provided By (Used In):</b>		
<b>Operating Activities</b>		
Net loss for the year	\$ (149,194)	\$ (359,883)
Items not affecting cash:		
Amortization	2,480	2,480
Income tax (recovery) expense	(100,545)	78,489
	(247,259)	(278,914)
Changes in non-cash operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	25,959	(16,215)
Prepaid expenses	(2,255)	11,517
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(6,000)	24,808
	(229,555)	(258,804)
<b>Investing Activity</b>		
Mineral properties	-	(70,564)
<b>Financing Activity</b>		
Issue of share capital	353,000	891,470
<b>Increase In Cash</b>	123,445	562,102
<b>Cash, Beginning Of Year</b>	1,441,693	879,591
<b>Cash, End Of Year</b>	\$ 1,565,138	\$ 1,441,693
<b>Supplementary Cash Flow Information</b>		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ -	\$ -
Cash paid for interest	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

	SHARE CAPITAL		CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS	ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	DEFICIT	TOTAL
	SHARES	AMOUNT				
Balance, December 31, 2007, as restated (Note 11)	8,151,817	\$ 14,691,855	\$ 458,575	\$ 500,760	\$ (13,878,010)	\$ 1,773,180
Exercise of warrants	3,315,000	803,750	-	-	-	803,750
Exercise of options	365,500	87,720	-	-	-	87,720
Value associated with options exercised	-	85,125	(85,125)	-	-	-
Revaluation of marketable securities to market value at December 31, 2008	-	-	-	(547,911)	-	(547,911)
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(359,883)	(359,883)
Balance, December 31, 2008, as restated (Note 11)	11,832,317	15,668,450	373,450	(47,151)	(14,237,893)	1,756,856
Private placement at \$0.06/share	4,000,000	240,000	-	-	-	240,000
Exercise of warrants	565,000	113,000	-	-	-	113,000
Revaluation of marketable securities to market value at December 31, 2009	-	-	-	726,455	-	726,455
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(149,194)	(149,194)
<b>Balance, December 31, 2009</b>	<b>16,397,317</b>	<b>\$ 16,021,450</b>	<b>\$ 373,450</b>	<b>\$ 679,304</b>	<b>\$ (14,387,087)</b>	<b>\$ 2,687,117</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Inlet Resources Ltd. ("the Company") carries out its business activities exclusively in Canada, and is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Company is incorporated in British Columbia, Canada.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") on a going concern basis, which presume the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon achieving profitable operations and upon obtaining additional financing. While the Company is expending its best efforts in this regard, the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

During the year, the Company incurred a net loss of \$149,194 (2008 - \$359,883) and has an accumulated deficit of \$14,387,087 (2008 - \$14,237,893). The Company is in the process of acquiring, exploring and developing its resource properties and has not yet determined whether the properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of the amounts shown for resource properties and related deferred exploration costs are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of those reserves, and upon future profitable production. The operations of the Company have primarily been funded by the issuance of common shares. Continued operations of the Company are dependent on the Company's ability to complete equity financing or generate profitable operations in the future. Management's plan in this regard is to secure additional funds through future equity financings, which may be unavailable or unavailable on reasonable terms.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments with maturities within three months held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investing purposes. The Company did not have cash equivalents as of December 31, 2009 and 2008.

#### b) Marketable Securities

The Company classifies its marketable securities as "available-for-sale" and records the marketable securities at their fair values.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### c) Equipment

Equipment and furniture are carried at cost and are amortized over their estimated useful lives of five years on a straight-line basis.

#### d) Mineral Property Interests and Deferred Exploration Costs

##### *Costs and Amortization*

Mineral properties, including options to mineral claims, are stated at cost. The recorded cost of mineral properties and exploration and development interests is based on cash paid and the value, if any, of share considerations given for mineral properties and exploration and development costs incurred.

All direct and indirect costs relating to the acquisition of mineral properties are capitalized until the properties to which they relate are placed into production, sold or when management has determined that there is an impairment in the carrying values of those mineral properties.

The Company defers expenditures directly attributable to the exploration of mineral properties, pending a decision as to the commercial viability of a property. When the Company loses or abandons title on its interest in the property, the accumulated expenditures on such property are charged to operations. If any property reaches commercial production, the applicable costs of the mineral property and the deferred exploration and development expenditures will be amortized against related production revenues on the unit of production method, based on the property's estimated reserves.

##### *Values*

Based on the information available to date, the Company has not yet determined whether the mineral property it is exploring contains economically recoverable reserves. The recoverability of the amounts capitalized as mineral property and deferred exploration costs is dependent upon the confirmation of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to successfully complete its exploration and development program and upon future profitable production.

The amounts shown for mineral properties and deferred exploration expenses represent costs incurred to date, and do not necessarily represent present or future values as they are entirely dependent upon various factors as noted above.

##### *Cost of Maintaining Mineral Properties*

The Company does not accrue the estimated future costs of maintaining its mineral properties in good standing.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### e) Property Option Agreements

The Company may acquire or dispose of properties pursuant to the terms of option agreements. Due to the fact that options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded; option payments are recorded as resource property costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received.

#### f) Environmental Issues

The Company is not aware of any environmental studies made and of any present or past obligations.

The operations of the company may in the future be affected from time to time to varying degree by changes in environmental regulations, including those for future removal and site restoration costs. Both the likelihood of new regulations and their overall effect upon the company vary greatly and are not predictable. The company's policy is to meet or, if possible, surpass standards set by relevant legislation, by application of technically proven and economically feasible measures.

#### g) Long-Lived Assets Impairment

Long-lived assets are reviewed whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss would be recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds the estimated undiscounted future cash flow expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss to be recorded is calculated by the excess of the asset's carrying value over its fair value. Fair value is generally determined using a discounted cash flow analysis.

#### h) Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company follows CICA Handbook Section 3110 – "Asset Retirement Obligations". Under this standard, future obligations to retire an asset including dismantling, remediation and ongoing treatment and monitoring of the site are initially recognized and recorded as a liability at fair value, assuming a credit adjusted risk-free discount rate and an inflation factor. The liability is adjusted for changes in the expected amounts and timing of cash flows required to discharge the liability and accreted to full value over time through periodic charges to earnings. The amount of the asset retirement liability initially recognized is capitalized as part of the asset's carrying value and amortized over the asset's estimated useful life.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### h) Asset Retirement Obligations (Continued)

Under the standard, future asset retirement obligations are only recorded when the timing or amount of remediation costs can be reasonably estimated.

#### i) Stock Option Plan

The Company grants stock options under a fixed stock option plan in accordance with the TSX Venture Exchange policies. Canadian generally accepted accounting principles require the fair value of all share purchase options to be expensed over their vesting period with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus. Upon exercise of share purchase options, the consideration paid by the option holder, together with the amount previously recognized in contributed surplus, is recorded as an increase to share capital. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option valuation model to calculate the fair value of share purchase options at the date of the grant. Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility. Changes in these assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate and, therefore, do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's share purchase options.

#### j) Fair Value of Warrants

Proceeds from unit placements are allocated between shares and warrants issued according to their relative fair value using the residual method to determine the fair value of warrants issued. Warrants issued to brokers are evaluated using the Black-Scholes method.

#### k) Flow-Through Financing

The Company has financed a portion of its exploration activities through the issue of flow-through shares which transfer the tax deductibility of exploration expenditures to the investor. Proceeds received on the issue of such shares have been credited to share capital and the related exploration costs have been charged to mineral property deferred exploration costs. When transferring the tax deductibility of exploration expenditures to the investor (renunciation), future income tax recovery income has been recognized and share capital has been reduced accordingly.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### l) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant areas where management's judgment is applied include asset and investment valuations, equipment lives, contingent liabilities, tax provisions and future income tax balances, asset retirement obligations and other accrued liabilities. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### m) Income Taxes

Income taxes are recorded using the liability method of tax allocation. Future income tax assets and liabilities are computed based on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and their corresponding tax values, using the enacted or substantively enacted, as applicable, income tax rates at each balance sheet date. Future income tax assets also result from unused loss carry-forwards and other deductions. The recognition of future income tax assets is limited to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized.

#### n) Loss Per Common Share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as outstanding stock options and share purchase warrants, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, if dilutive. The "treasury stock method" is used for the assumed proceeds upon the exercise of the stock options and warrants that are used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, all of the outstanding stock options and warrants were anti-dilutive.

#### o) Foreign Currency

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Canadian dollars using the temporal method. Under this method, monetary assets and liabilities are translated at current rates of exchange and other assets and liabilities are translated at historical rates of exchange. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates of exchange for the year, except for amortization and depletion which are translated at rates in effect when the related assets were acquired. All exchange gains and losses are recognized currently in earnings.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

p) Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The following accounting pronouncements are applicable to annual and interim periods beginning on or after January 1, 2009. There was no material impact on the Company's financial condition or operating results as a result of the adoption of these new standards.

- i) CICA Section 3064 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets replacing Section 3450, Research and Development Costs. The new standard establishes guidelines for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of research and development costs.
- ii) EIC-174, Mining Exploration Costs, provides guidance on the capitalization of exploration costs and the impairment review of exploration costs.
- iii) Financial Instruments

In June 2009, the CICA issued amendments to Section 3862, "Financial Instruments – Disclosures" effective for the Company's December 31, 2009 financial statements. The amendments require the Company to classify and disclose financial instruments presented at fair value on the balance sheet based on a three-level fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market value data obtained from independent sources and market value determined based on the Company's own assumptions about market value: Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or valuation techniques where significant inputs are based on observable market data; and Level 3 – Valuation techniques for which any significant inputs are not based on observable market data. The section has also been amended to require additional liquidity risk disclosures.

Also in June 2009, the CICA issued amendments to Section 3855, "Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement" effective for the Company's December 31, 2009 financial statements. The amendments clarified the application of Section 3855 with respect to the effective interest method, reclassification of financial instruments with embedded derivatives, eliminated the distinction between debt securities and other debt instruments, and changed the categories to which debt instruments are required or are permitted to be classified.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### q) Future Accounting Pronouncements:

- i) The CICA issued Section 1601 Consolidated Financial Statements. This new Section will be applicable to financial statements relating to the Company's interim and fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. This section establishes standards for the preparation of financial statements. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of this new section on the financial statements.
- ii) Canada's Accounting Standards Board ratified a plan that will result in Canadian GAAP being converged with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") by 2011. Management has performed a preliminary analysis and highlighted areas where its current Canadian accounting practices differ from IFRS. The impact on the Company's financial statements has not yet been determined.

### 3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### a) *Designations*

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, marketable securities, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

In accordance with the recommendations of section 3855 "Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement" of the CICA Handbook, the Company has designated its marketable securities, comprising of shares listed on a recognized stock exchange, as available-for-sale securities and reports them at fair value. The amounts by which fair values of these securities differ from written down cost represent unrealized gains and losses and are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). All realized gains and losses are recognized in the net income (loss) in the period of disposition. The fair value of these securities is market value. The market value of publicly traded securities is based on quoted market prices.

Cash is designated as held-for-trading; amounts receivable as loans and receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities as other financial liabilities.

#### b) *Fair Value*

During 2009, CICA Handbook Section 3862, Financial Instruments – Disclosures, was amended to require disclosures about the inputs to fair value measurements, including their classification within a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to fair value measurement. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### b) *Fair Value* (Continued)

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The fair values of financial instruments that are measured on a recurring basis comprises the Company's investments in marketable securities. These fair values are determined based on Level 1 inputs, which consist of quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The carrying amount of all other financial instruments are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

#### c) *Risk Management*

The Company thoroughly examines the various financial instrument risks to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of those risks. These risks may include currency, credit, interest rate and liquidity risks. Where material, these risks are reviewed and monitored by the Board of Directors.

#### Credit Risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash. Cash is held in a reputable Canadian bank which is closely monitored by management. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments included in cash is minimal. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Our interest rate risk mainly arises from the interest rate impact on our cash. A change in interest rate would have a minimal effect on the profitability of the Company.

#### Liquidity Risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at December 31, 2009, the Company held cash of \$1,565,138 and had liabilities of \$27,046. All of the Company's liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and were subject to normal trade terms. Liquidity risk is assessed as minimal.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### c) *Risk Management* (Continued)

##### Other Price Risk

The Company's investment in marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale and are traded on the TSX Venture Exchange. A \$0.01 change in the quoted share price would change the fair value of the investment by \$32,200. The impact of the change, net of tax, is approximately \$28,200. The change would be recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income.

#### d) *Comprehensive income*

CICA Handbook Section 1530 establishes standards for reporting and presenting comprehensive income, which is defined as the change in equity from transactions and other events from non-owner sources. Accordingly, a statement of comprehensive income (loss) forms part of the Company's financial statements and displays current period net income and other comprehensive income (loss). Other comprehensive income consists of unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets. The cumulative changes in other comprehensive income are included in accumulated other comprehensive income within shareholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

#### e) *Hedges*

CICA Handbook Section 3865 specifies the criteria under which hedge accounting can be applied and how hedge accounting can be exercised. As at December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Company had not entered into any hedging relationships.

### 4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Goldbrook Ventures Inc. (a related company) – 3,160,000 common shares (quoted at market value) (cost at \$169,839)	<b>\$ 979,600</b>	\$ 158,000
RPT Resources Ltd. – 60,000 common shares (quoted at market value) (cost at \$15,000)	<b>9,600</b>	4,200
	<b><u>\$ 989,200</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 162,200</u></b>

As at December 31, 2009, the Company had available for sale securities including 3,160,000 common share of Goldbrook Ventures Inc. ("Goldbrook"), a public company related by virtue of common directors and a common officer, and 60,000 common shares of RPT Resources Ltd. (formerly RPT Uranium Corp.).

Subsequent to the year end, the Company sold the RPT Resources Ltd. shares for proceeds of \$10,969.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008**

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 5. EQUIPMENT

	2009		
	COST	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	NET BOOK VALUE
Furniture	<b>\$ 12,406</b>	<b>\$ 9,361</b>	<b>\$ 3,045</b>
	2008		
	COST	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	NET BOOK VALUE
Furniture	<b>\$ 12,406</b>	<b>\$ 6,881</b>	<b>\$ 5,525</b>

### 6. MINERAL PROPERTIES

Costs incurred to date include:

	2009	2008
Claims and maintenance	\$ 28,178	\$ 28,178
Drilling	46,940	46,940
Equipment rental	9,421	9,421
Geological consulting fees	22,851	22,851
Reports	1,921	1,921
Supplies and sampling	13,855	13,855
Travel, accommodation, food and contractor services	15,050	15,050
	<b>\$ 138,216</b>	<b>\$ 138,216</b>

#### Broken Hill-Leo Property

On September 26, 2006, the Company entered into an option agreement with Timer Explorations Inc. ("Timer", name changed to Potash One Inc.), a company related by common directors, to acquire a 50% interest in the Broken Hill-Leo property which comprises 56 mineral claims (133 claim units), located approximately 150 kilometers north-east of Kamloops, British Columbia.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 6. MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

#### Broken Hill-Leo Property (Continued)

Under the terms of the Option Agreement, the Company must complete an initial \$50,000 work program prior to December 31, 2006 (incurred \$49,938 as at December 31, 2006) and a further \$150,000 work program by August 31, 2007 to earn the 50% interest in the claims.

The Company had not completed the required expenditures as at August 31, 2007 and Timer received a notice of Default of Agreement on September 6, 2007. On October 9, 2007, the Company received an Amended Notice of Default that extends the default period to December 31, 2007, and the Company made a \$15,000 deposit to the optionor pursuant to the Amended Notice of Default.

In January and March 2008, the Company made a \$5,000 payment to the optionor to extend the default period.

On April 23, 2008, Timer signed an Amended Option that requires Timer to complete a \$125,000 work program on the property by November 2, 2008 in order to keep the option in good standing and to make advance royalty payments of \$5,000 each subsequent year to the optionor until \$100,000 has been paid.

On April 23, 2008, the Company, through a board resolution, extended the option agreement with Timer pursuant to the Amended Option. Under the extended option agreement, the Company may earn a 50% interest in Broken Hill-Leo property by sharing 50% of the \$125,000 required work program expenditures (incurred as of December 31, 2008) and funding 50% of the advance royalty payments of \$5,000 each subsequent year to the optionor until a total \$100,000 has been paid.

In December 2009, Timer sold their 50% interest to Monster Uranium Corp. ("Monster"). Monster will assume the responsibilities of Timer and make 100% of the advance royalty payments of \$5,000 per year.

### 7. SHARE CAPITAL

#### a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

#### b) Private Placement

On January 23, 2009, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement involving the issuance of 4,000,000 units of the Company at a price of \$0.06 per unit for gross proceeds of \$240,000. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one transferable common share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into one additional common share of the Company for a period of two years from the closing date of the private placement at an exercisable price of \$0.10. No finder's fees or commissions were paid in connection with this private placement.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 7. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

#### c) Incentive Stock Options

The Company has a fixed stock option plan whereby a maximum of 10% of the issued shares may be reserved for issuance.

There are no stock options granted during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.

A summary of the Company's outstanding stock options as of December 31, 2009 and the changes during the year are presented below:

	NUMBER	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2007	604,115	\$ 0.66
Exercised	(365,500)	0.24
Cancelled	<u>(95,000)</u>	0.24
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2008	143,615	\$ 1.29
Expired	<u>(91,115)</u>	3.00
<b>Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2009</b>	<b><u>52,500</u></b>	<b>\$ 0.24</b>

Incentive stock options outstanding at December 31, 2009 to directors, officers and employees are as follows:

NUMBER OF OPTIONS OUTSTANDING AND EXERCISABLE	EXPIRY DATE	EXERCISE PRICE
52,500	November 30, 2011	\$ 0.24

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 7. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

#### d) Share Purchase Warrants

A summary of the Company's outstanding share purchase warrants as at December 31, 2009 and 2008 and the changes during the period are presented below:

	<b>NUMBER</b>		<b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE</b>
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2007	6,000,000	\$	0.255
Expired	(1,470,000)		0.30
Expired	(650,000)		0.265
Exercised	(530,000)		0.30
Exercised	(1,435,000)		0.20
Exercised	<u>(1,350,000)</u>		0.265
Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2008	565,000		0.20
Issued	4,000,000		0.10
Exercised	<u>(565,000)</u>		0.20
<b>Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2009</b>	<b><u>4,000,000</u></b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>0.10</b>

At December 31, 2009, there were 4,000,000 outstanding share purchase warrants entitling the holders thereof the right to purchase one common share for each warrant held as follows:

<b>NUMBER OF SHARES</b>	<b>EXPIRY DATE</b>	<b>EXERCISE PRICE PER SHARE</b>
4,000,000	January 22, 2011	0.10

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 8. RELATED PARTIES

All related party transactions and amounts owing are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

The Company retains the services of certain directors and officers. Management fees, consulting fees, and accounting fees are as follows:

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Management fees	<b>\$ 53,000</b>	\$ 48,000
Consulting fees	<b>36,750</b>	30,000
Accounting fees	<b>14,125</b>	10,500
Total	<b><u>\$ 103,875</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 88,500</u></b>

In the year ended December 31, 2009, management fees of \$53,000 (2008 - \$48,000) were paid to the president, who is also a director, of the Company. Consulting fees related to shareholders' communication of \$25,500 (2008 - \$30,000) were paid to a company controlled by the spouse of the president. Consulting fees related to corporate planning and strategy of \$11,250 (2008 - \$Nil) were paid to a director. Accounting fees of \$14,125 (2008 - \$10,500) were paid to an officer.

At December 31, 2009, accounts receivable include the offices expenses paid on behalf of a company with common directors and management in the amount of \$Nil (2008 – \$1,301).

At December 31, 2009, prepaid expenses include \$509 (2008 - \$509) paid to a company controlled by a director for future expenses.

## INLET RESOURCES LTD.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008**

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

#### 9. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of the expected income tax expense (benefit) to the actual income tax expense (benefit) is as follows:

	2009	2008
Statutory rates	30%	31%
Income tax recovery at statutory rate	\$ (75,000)	\$ (87,000)
Effect of change in tax rate	23,000	74,000
(Decrease)Increase in valuation allowance	(48,545)	91,489
Future income tax (recovery) expense	\$ (100,545)	\$ 78,489

The components of future income taxes are:

	2009	2008
Future income tax assets:		
Non-capital losses carryforwards	\$ 495,000	\$ 509,000
Resource deductions	79,000	82,000
Other assets	4,000	7,000
	578,000	598,000
Future income tax liability:		
Marketable securities	(101,000)	-
Valuation allowance	(477,000)	(598,000)
Net future income tax asset	\$ -	\$ -

The Company has available tax losses of approximately \$1,981,000 which may be offset against future Canadian taxable income. These losses expire as follows:

2010	\$	237,000
2014		466,000
2015		265,000
2026		244,000
2027		238,000
2028		281,000
2029		250,000
		\$ 1,981,000

In addition, the Company has resource related expenditures totaling \$317,000 (2008 - \$317,000) which can be carried forward indefinitely to offset future taxable income.

# INLET RESOURCES LTD.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

The Company is not aware of any significant contingent liabilities or guarantees as at December 31, 2009. The Company has reserved shares for the commitment to issue shares in the event of the exercise of incentive stock options or share purchase warrants.

### 11. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR PERIOD

On August 28, 2008, the Emerging Issues Committee ("EIC") issued EIC-172, "Income Statement Presentation of a Tax Loss Carry-Forward Recognized following an Unrealized Gain Recorded in Other Comprehensive Income", wherein it recommended the recognition in net income of the tax benefit arising from the recognition of income tax loss carry-forwards consequent to the recording of unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets in other comprehensive income. The Company restated the net loss, deficit, and related components of other comprehensive loss for 2008 and the deficit and other comprehensive income for 2007 to reflect the recognition of the benefit of the application as follows:

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008	
	<u>Restated</u>	<u>Previously Reported</u>
Net loss for the year	\$ (359,883)	\$ (281,394)
Deficit	(14,237,893)	(14,262,405)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(47,151)	(22,639)
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale investments	(547,911)	(626,400)
Loss per share	(0.03)	(0.02)

The comprehensive loss for 2008 is not affected. The amounts are merely reclassified between deficit and accumulated other comprehensive loss.

	AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2007	
	<u>Restated</u>	<u>Previously Reported</u>
Deficit	\$ (13,878,010)	\$ (13,981,011)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	500,760	603,761

# **INLET RESOURCES LTD.**

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008**

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### **12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

When managing capital, the Company's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management adjusts the capital structure as necessary in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management team to sustain the future development of the business.

The property in which the Company currently has an interest is in the exploration stage; as such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is appropriate.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended December 31, 2009. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.